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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/637,140	08/08/2003		Kazuaki Mino	33394US1	4481
116	7590	07/12/2006		EXAMINER	
PEARNE &			IP, SIKYIN		
1801 EAST 9TH STREET SUITE 1200				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
CLEVELAN	D, OH	O, OH 44114-3108		1742	
				DATE MAILED: 07/12/2006	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	~
	10/637,140	MINO, KAZUAKI	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Sikyin Ip	1742	
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet v	rith the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stany reply received by the Office later than three months after the meanned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	B DATE OF THIS COMMUN R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO atute, cause the application to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2	5 April 2006.		
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ 1	This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allo	•	• •	
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex par</i> te <i>Quayle</i> , 1935 C.l	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 6-8 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 6-8 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	drawn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a Applicant may not request that any objection to a Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	accepted or b) objected to the drawing(s) be held in abeya rection is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d)	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a	ents have been received. ents have been received in a priority documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) ☐ Interview	Summary (PTO-413)	
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/	Paper No.	s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

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DETAILED ACTION

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Double Patenting

The terminal disclaimer filed on April 25, 2006 has been reviewed and is accepted. The terminal disclaimer has been recorded.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 7 is indefinite because the unit of the cooling rate is unclear.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The factual inquiries set forth in Graham v. John Deere Co., 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is

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advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 6 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over JP 4198460 in view of JP 09041056 (All references are listed in PTO-1449) or JP 04221032.

JP 4198460 discloses method of processing Cr-Zr-Cu alloy by steps of casting, hot forging, solution heat treatment, warm forging, aging, and warm/cold working. The difference between the reference(s) and the claims are as follows: JP 4198460 does not disclose the Cr-Zr-Cu alloy proportions. However, JP 04221032 (abstract) or JP 09041056 (abstract) discloses Cr-Zr-Cu alloy compositions in the same field of endeavor or the analogous metallurgical art. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art of the cited references at the time the invention was made to use conventional materials to perform their known functions in a conventional process is contemplated within ambit of ordinary skill artisan. In re Raner, 134 USPQ 343 (CCPA 1962).

Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over JP 4198460 (equivalents JP 2863627) in view of JP 09041056 as applied to claims 6 and 8 above, and further in view of JP 04221032.

The combination of JP 4198460 and JP 09041056 discloses the features substantially as claimed as set forth in the rejection above except for the recited cooling rate. However, JP 04221032 in abstract discloses cooling rate 1 °C/sec or higher is routinely used in the same field of endeavor or the analogous metallurgical art.

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art of the cited references at the time the invention was made to recognize water-cooling of JP 4198460 would have cooling rate in conventional range in order to enhance age hardening (See paragraph bridging pages 2-3 of the JP 2863627 translation). In re Venner, 120 USPQ 193 (CCPA 1958), In re LaVerne, et al., 108 USPQ 335, and In re Aller, et al., 105 USPQ 233.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed April 25, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicants argue that cited references fail to disclose a method for producing a casting. But, the instant expression "comprising the steps of" does not exclude the additional steps from cited references (see instant claim 6, for example).

Applicants' argument in page 4, last paragraph of instant remarks is noted. But, specific copper alloys disclosed by JP '056 are in the same classes of copper alloys disclosed by JP '460 (See paragraph bridging pages 2-3 of the JP 2863627 translation). Nonetheless, as is evinced by JP 04221032 (abstract) that recited alloying elements are known for moulding material.

Applicants' table in page 6 of instant remarks is noted. But, steps 1-2 are required steps to form alloys and instant steps 3-4 read on steps 3-5 of JP '460.

Applicants argue that instant claim 8 does not require a solution heat treatment.

But, instant transitional expression "comprising the steps of" does not exclude "a solution heat treatment".

Applicants' argument in paragraph bridging pages 6-7 of instant remarks is noted. But, there is no factual evidence to substantiate applicants' position that Ag is critical for aging.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

The above rejection relies on the reference(s) for all the teachings expressed in the text(s) of the references and/or one of ordinary skill in the metallurgical art would have reasonably understood or implied from the text(s) of the reference(s). To emphasize certain aspect(s) of the prior art, only specific portion(s) of the text(s) have been pointed out. Each reference as a whole should be reviewed in responding to the rejection, since other sections of the same reference and/or various combination of the cited references may be relied on in future rejection(s) in view of amendment(s).

All recited limitations in the instant claims have been meet by the rejections as set forth above.

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Applicant is reminded that when amendment and/or revision is required, applicant should therefore specifically point out the support for any amendments made to the disclosure. See 37 C.F.R. § 1.121 and 37 C.F.R. Part §41.37 (c)(1)(v).

Examiner Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to S. Ip whose telephone number is (571) 272-1241. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 5:30 A.M. to 2:00 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dr. Roy V. King, can be reached on (571)-272-1244.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

SIKYIN IP PRIMARY EXAMINER ART UNIT 1742

S. lp July 6, 2006